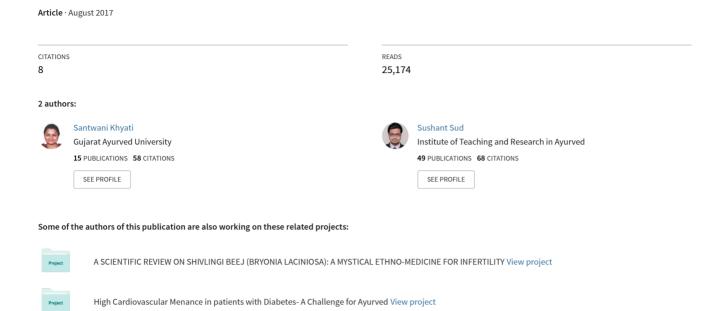
# A SCIENTIFIC REVIEW ON SHIVLINGI BEEJ (BRYONIA LACINIOSA): A MYSTICAL ETHNO-MEDICINE FOR INFERTILITY





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## A SCIENTIFIC REVIEW ON SHIVLINGI BEEJ (BRYONIA LACINIOSA): A MYSTICAL ETHNO-MEDICINE FOR INFERTILITY

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## **ABSTRACT**

Infertility varies across the regions of the world and it has been estimated to affect 8 to 12% couples worldwide. The WHO has estimated the overall prevalence of primary infertility in India to be between 3.9 and 16.8%. In the event of infertility, couples turn to the traditional medicine which is being used over the centuries for succor as Ayurveda holds high esteem and trust in this field. Herbal drugs are cheaper, easily available and with a meager fear of any side effects. Many herbs effective for infertility are also used in folk practice which often goes unnoticed. Shivlingi beej is one such unnoticed folk medicine that shows good results for counteracting infertility. It is a uterine tonic and improves the chances of conception in women suffering from infertility. An effort has been made in this paper to scientifically review and explain the role of Shivlingi seeds in infertility of either sex hypothetically.

KEYWORDS: Infertility, Ayurveda, Shivlingi seeds.

## INTRODUCTION

From time immemorial the phenomenon of infertility was prevalent throughout the world which may persist as long as the human race exists. Every human being has an inherent, intense desire to continue one's own race. Infertility varies across the regions of the world and it has been estimated to affect 8 to 12% couples worldwide. The WHO has estimated the overall prevalence of primary infertility in India to be between 3.9 and 16.8%. In the event of infertility, couples turn to the traditional medicine which is being used over the centuries for succor as Ayurveda holds high esteem and trust in this field. The customary Indian restorative framework notice home grown solutions for the treatment of assortment of ailments. Shivlingi (Bryonia lacinosa) is a surely understood ethno medicine in India and stands out amongst the most flexible restorative plants having a wide range of natural action. Shivlingi Beej or Shivlingi Seeds are used for the treatment of female infertility. It is a uterine tonic and improves the chances of conception in women suffering from infertility. Moreover it is also used traditionally as an aphrodisiac and pro-fertility compound, touted to increase masculinity and enhance youthfulness during aging. Hence this ethno-herb has immense potential of research in the field of infertility of either sex.

## AIM AND OBJECTIVE

- To review and evaluate the anti-infertility action of Shivlingi (Bryonia lacinosa) seeds.
- 2. To interpret the hypothetical action of Shivlingi (Bryonia lacinosa) for infertility in both sexes.

## **Basic Information**

Bryonia laciniosa is a herb, which has been included in Vrishva Ayurvedic rasayana category in texts. B.laciniosa Linn Syn Diplocyclos palmatus (Linn.) Jeffrey (Cucurbitaceae) distributed throughout India and locally known as Shivlingi. The of B. laciniosa are known as 'Shivlingi' because the upper surface of seeds has a marking and morphology, which resembles 'Shivling', icon of Lord Shiva, a popularly worshiped deity by Hindus. [2]

It is an annual climber with bright red fruits and is reported to be of high medicinal value. [3] Traditionally it is used as acrid, anti-inflammatory, and tonic. It is also useful in treating inflammations and general debility. [4] The seeds are reported to be useful in curing cases of sterility. [2] It is also a constituent of Ayurvedic formulation 'Strirativallabhpugpak' described in ancient text to improve sexual behaviour and as a general tonic. [5]

<b>Botanical Name</b>	Bryonia Laciniosa	
Botanical Synonym	Bryonopsis Laciniosa, Diplocyclos Palmatus	
Sanskrit synonymns	Lingini, Bahupatra, Ishwari, Shaivamallika, Swayambhu,	
	Lingasambhuta, Lingi, Chitraphala, Amruta, Pandoli,	
	Lingaja, Devi, Chanda, Apstambhini, Shivaja, Shivvalli	
Common Name	Shivlingi, Gargumaru	
Plant Family	Cucurbitaceae – gourds or squashes	
Genus	Bryonia	
Distribution	India – Madhya Pradesh Uttar Pradesh, Gujarat,	
	Uttarakhand	
Habitat	Tropical & subtropical regions	

## Morphology

Stem is tremendously expanded, thin, scored, Glabrous. Rings are Slender, striate, glabrous. Leaves are membraneous, 10-15 cm long and expansive, green and scabrid above, paler and smooth or almost so underneath. Profoundly cordate at base. 5 lobed, the projections are elongated, lanceolate, midrib once in a while subserrate. Petioles are 2.5-7.5 cm long, striate, slim. Male Flowers are with little fascicles of 3-6, penduncle 5-20 mm long, filiform, glabrous.[Figure 1] Calyx is glabrous, 205 mm long, teeth subulate. Corolla is 3-4 mm long, fragments applaud, oval, intense, pubescent and Female-Solitary or few, or numerous peduncles and shorter than male. Organic products are Subsessile, 1.3 - 205 cm in breadth, globose, smooth, pale blue green, streaked with wide vertical lines and having seeds with 5-6 mm long, yellowish cocoa.

## **Ethnobotany**

The plant holds a vital part in tribal society and customs furthermore utilized as a part of numerous natural restorative hones. It is ordinarily known as "Shivlingi" and 'Gargumaru in India, a yearly climber with splendid red organic products[Figure 2] and is accounted for to be exceedingly therapeutic. Locally in India its seeds are being utilized for advancing origination in women. [6] Gond and Bharia tribes of Patalkot valley venerate this plant. As per them, this herb is aid for the childless folks. They also claim that the seeds of the plant have a stimulating agent to enhance sperm quality and sexual desire. Additionally, it acts as a tonic to improve physical and psychological health and enhances youthfulness in advancing age.

The home grown healers (Bhumkas) set upcertain mix of herb and recommend it to the required individual.

Interestingly, Bhumkas in Harra-Ka-Chhar town in Patalkot recommend the seeds of this herb for imagining male children. In Gaildubba, customary healers make a mix of Shivlingi seeds with Tulsi (Ocimum basilicum) leaves and blend it in Jaggery (the conventional grungy sugar utilized as a part of India) what's more, offer it to the woman who is not imagining infant because of any reason. Shivlingi is a twinner and can be very much recognized by its bloom/natural products/seeds. The foul what's more, simply diverse kind of smell of the plant is likewise a method for distinguishing it.<sup>[7]</sup>

#### Parts used

Leaves, Fruits, Seeds (Especially seeds)

Shivlingi Beej or seeds are commonly used for the treatment of female infertility. Seeds have anti-inflammatory, anti-fungal, antimicrobial, analgesic, antihyperlipidemic, spermatogenic and antipyretic properties.

## $Medicinal\ Properties^{[8][9][10][11]}$

Shivlingi Beej has following healing properties.

- Uterine tonic
- Fertility booster
- Aphrodisiac
- Spermatogenic
- Antioxidant
- Anodyne
- Anti-inflammatory
- Carminative
- Anti-fungal
- Antimicrobial
- Antihyperlipidemic
- Anti-diabetic
- Antipyretic

**Ayurvedic Properties** 

Toperties		
Rasa (Taste)	Katu (pungent), tikta (bitter)	
Guna (Main quality)	Laghu (light), ruksha (dry), tikshna (sharp)	
Virya (Potency)	Ushna (hot)	
Vipaka (Resultant)	Katu (pungent)	
Prabhava (Specific action)	Uterine tonic	
DOSHA KARMA (Effect on Humors)	Pacifies Kapha Dosha and increases Pitta Dosha	
Karma	Rasayana, Sidhma, Kushthahara [12]	
Organs effect	Uterus, ovaries and testes	
Main indication	Infertility	

## Dosage

The general dosage of Shivlingi Beej is as follows.

Adults: 1 to 3 grams.

Maximum Possible Dosage: 6 grams Per Day (in divided

doses).

Doses: Twice a day with Milk; warm water for weight loss

Best Time to Take: 3 hours after meal.

Recommended Treatment Duration: Minimum 3 months (some patients may require treatment with Shivlingi for 6 months or more depending on the health condition).

## Safety profile

Shivlingi is considerably safe for most individuals when taken as per its indications in appropriate dosage under professional supervision. It is most suitable for patients that have Kapha Dosha aggravation and less suitable for people with increased Pitta Dosha. There are no reported side effects of Shivlingi when used wisely according to Dosha and its indications.

Allergic Reactions (Allergy): Not known.

**Pregnancy & Breastfeeding:** Shivlingi is possibly safe to consume during pregnancy and breastfeeding. There are no side effects reported in women that take it for infertility treatment and unknowing consume it during the first trimester of pregnancy. There are no side effects and abnormalities observed on the fetus with Shivlingi.

**Contraindications:** There are no absolute contraindications for Shivlingi Beej.

**Drug Interactions:** Not known.

## Phytochemistry (Chemical Composition)[13][14][15]

Bryonia lacinosa is being utilized as paltry pharmaceutical since long in India, however no work has been done aside from couple of unsaturated fats and sugars are accounted for to be available in the seeds. Because of colossal therapeutic significance of the seeds, the seed adhesive from B. lacinosa was subjected to phytochemical investigation. It was observed that the diverse concentrates of Bryonia lacinosa contained.

- 1. Punicic acid.
- 2. Goniothalamin.
- Glucomannan.

## Shivlingi beej indications

- Female infertility.
- Male infertility due Oligospermia.
- Impaired spermatogenesis.
- Asthenozoospermia reduced spermatic motility.
- Teratospermia defective or abnormal spermatic morphology.
- Constipation.
- Obesity & weight loss (when used alone).
- Hyperglycemia & Diabetes.

## **Female Infertility**

Diminished ovarian reserve (DOR) is a condition that causes infertility, mostly in older women. *Aartava-kshaya*, which can be correlated with DOR, has been described as deficiency or loss of *Artava dosha* not appearing in time, is delayed, or is scanty. DOR can occur in any condition according to Ayurvedic types of *Vandhyatva* (inherent infertility). Shivlingi Beej promotes fertility and increases the chances of getting pregnant. It also helps to normalize the menstrual cycle if the patient has light periods with a little blood flow. But if the patient has heavy blood flow during menstruation, then Shivlingi is contraindicated.

According to ayurvedic analysis, it is more beneficial if the patient is obese or overweight and has absent menses, light menstruation, having a feeling of heaviness in the lower abdomen and feeling of puffiness or swelling during the premenstrual and menstrual period. It is also beneficial if a woman with infertility suffering from depression along with a feeling of sadness and laziness, emotional eating, leucorrhea, increased sleep and swelling in legs or whole body.

If the patient has thick mucus during her period or yeast infection, then it is also most suitable. In such cases, Shivlingi should be used in maximum dosage.

Rasayan action of Shivlingi helps to synthesize purest Rasa dhatu subsequently, Upadhatu Artava is formed having required quality for fertilization. Hypothetically the Rasayan karma in this regard may act through androgenic effect via DHEA. [16]

## Impotence & Oligospermia

In traditional medicine, Shivlingi is used as an aphrodisiac. It is fertility booster for men too. It increases masculinity and testosterone level in the body. It is considered as a potential testosterone booster. Due to this reason, it is used in men for treating impotence. Shivlingi seeds also have spermatogenic action. Therefore, Shivlingi seeds improve the spermatogenesis process and improve the total count. [17] According to Ayurveda, Shivlingi seeds are best in cases of impotence and oligospermia if the patient has excess Kapha Dosha or symptoms of increased or aggravated Kapha. Shivlingi reduces blockage of several channels in the body by clearing the excess Kapha and Ama. This mechanism also improves the supply of nutrients to the testes and blood flow to male reproductive organs, which ultimately helps improve to the process spermatogenesis and treat impotence.

Action of ethanolic extract of seeds of Bryonialaciniosa Linn on male Albino rats showed androgenic activity and effects on hypothalamo-pituitory gonadal axis. [18][19][20] Action was evaluated as follows.

- 1. Increase body weight, testis, prostate, epididymis and seminal vesicle.
- 2. Increase in spermatogenesis.

- 3. Increase in sperm count.
- 4. Increase in fructose content of seminal vesicle.
- 5. Increase in serum testosterone and LH.

Shivlingi has a Rasayana and Vajikarana effect by which the purest Shukradhatu is synthesized, thus helping with fertilization in cases of Oligozoospermia, Oligoasthenozoospermia. Asthenozoospermia and Shivlingi is hypothetized to treat these conditions by androgenic effects through DHEA. In the case of Azoospermia, there is absence of sperm due to obstruction or failure of spermatogenesis. Obstruction may be relieved by treatment of Katu Rasa, Ushna Veerya and Rasayana effect that has decreased quality causing spermatogenesis.



Fig 1: Twig of Bryonia lacinosa.



Fig 2: Fruits of Bryonia lacinosa.

## DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSION

Various ethnobotanical herbs have been repeatedly used to treat infertility. Many of them have shown extraordinary effect on treating infertility of either sex. Shivlingi is one such drug which gives a Ayurveda a upper hand due to its dual effect for infertility treatment in both the sexes. The plant seeds are used by traditional healers since thousands of years. In spite of its wide area of usage and its innumerable claims of effect on infertility, the data and literature regarding Shivlingi is very limited. Hence scientific validation for its attributes and principles is the need of hour. Infertility experts, research scholars and scientists have a wide scope to

achieve in-depth knowledge of Shivlingi. This effort of the hypothetical evaluation of anti-infertility action of Shivlingi may form a base for further research and revalidation.

Studies report that extract of seed powder of *Bryonopsis laciniosa* show androgenic activity and its effect on hyphothalamic pituitary gonadal axis. This important activity may be due to androgens. Whether chemical composition of seed influences the level of sex hormone needs to be investigated further.

Shivlingi (*Bryonopsis laciniosa*) clearly has a plethora of medicinal benefits and it holds quite a lot of promise as a multi-purpose medicine but further clinical trials are needed to scientifically prove its efficacy.

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